

Probing and Rescuing Dysfunctional Brain Circuits in Depression

Conor Liston, MD, PhD

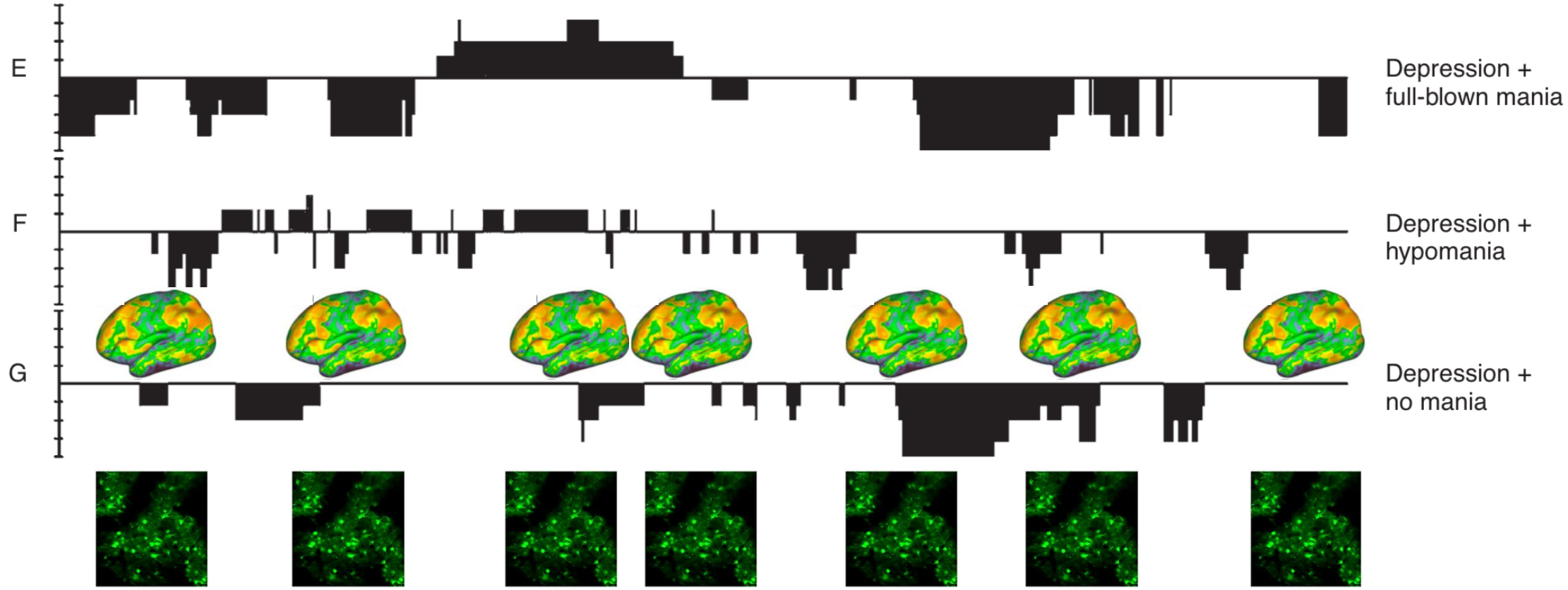
Professor of Neuroscience & Psychiatry

Director, Institute for Developmental Psychobiology

Research Director, Interventional Psychiatry Program

Weill Cornell Medicine

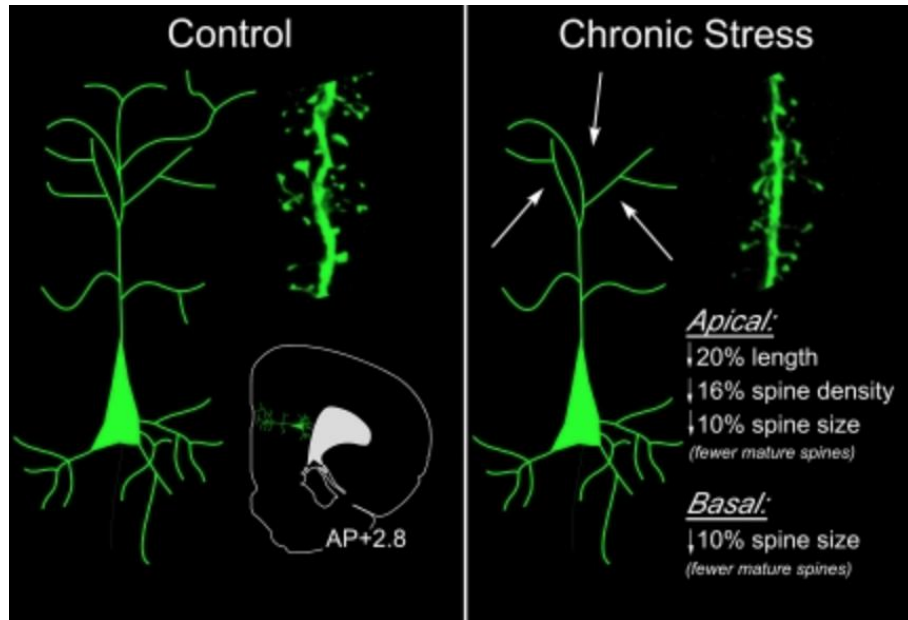
Depression is a fundamentally episodic psychiatric syndrome



What are the mechanisms regulating mood state transitions?

Prefrontal synaptic plasticity: a therapeutic target?

Chronic stress **decreases** postsynaptic spine density in prefrontal cortex



Radley, 2012

Antidepressant-dose ketamine **increases** prefrontal synapse formation

mTOR-Dependent Synapse Formation Underlies the Rapid Antidepressant Effects of NMDA Antagonists

Nanxin Li, Boyoung Lee, Rong-jian Liu, Mounira Banasr, Jason M. Dwyer, Masaaki Iwata, Xiao-Yuan Li, George Aghajanian, Ronald S. Duman*

LETTER

doi:10.1038/nature10130

NMDA receptor blockade at rest triggers rapid behavioural antidepressant responses

Anita E. Autry¹, Megumi Adachi¹, Elena Nosyreva², Elisa S. Na¹, Maarten F. Los¹, Peng-fei Cheng¹, Ege T. Kavalali² & Lisa M. Monteggia¹

ARTICLE

doi:10.1038/nature17998

NMDAR inhibition-independent antidepressant actions of ketamine metabolites

Antidepressant drugs act by directly binding to TRKB neurotrophin receptors

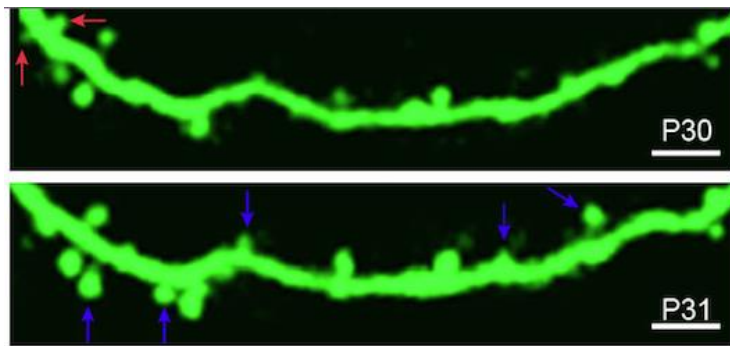
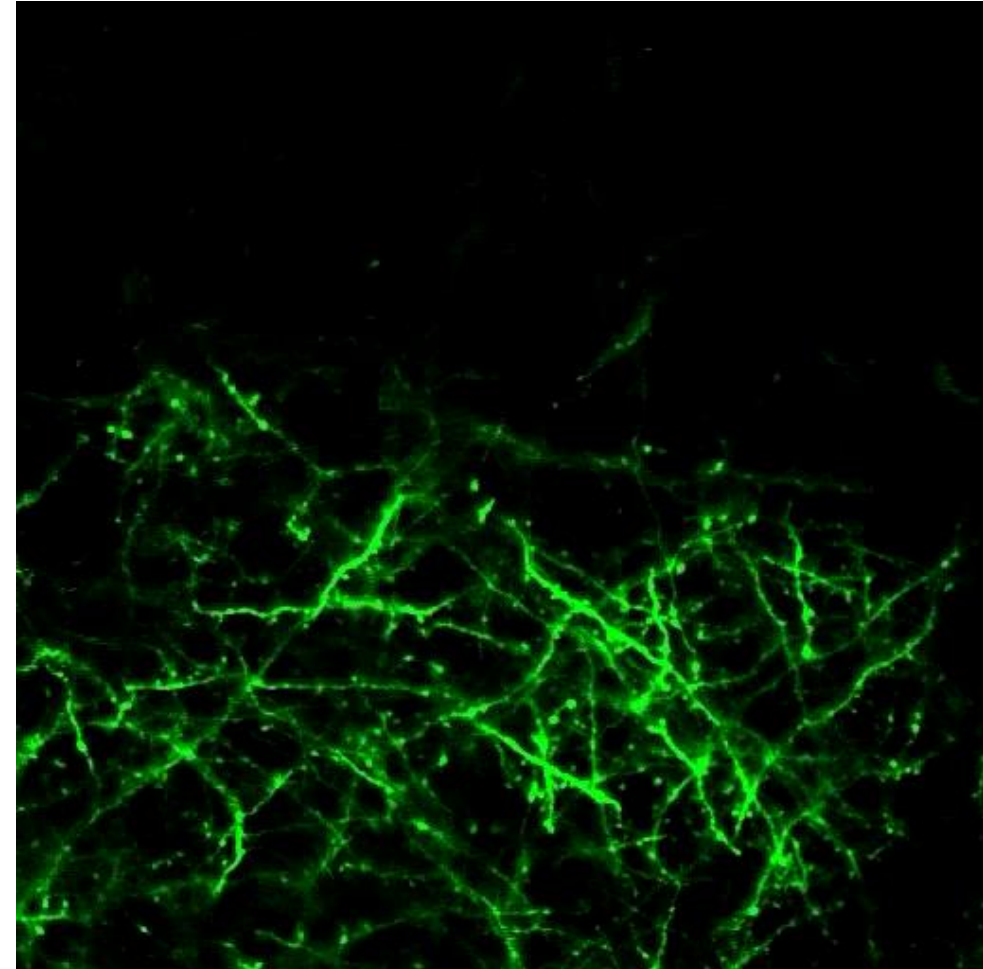
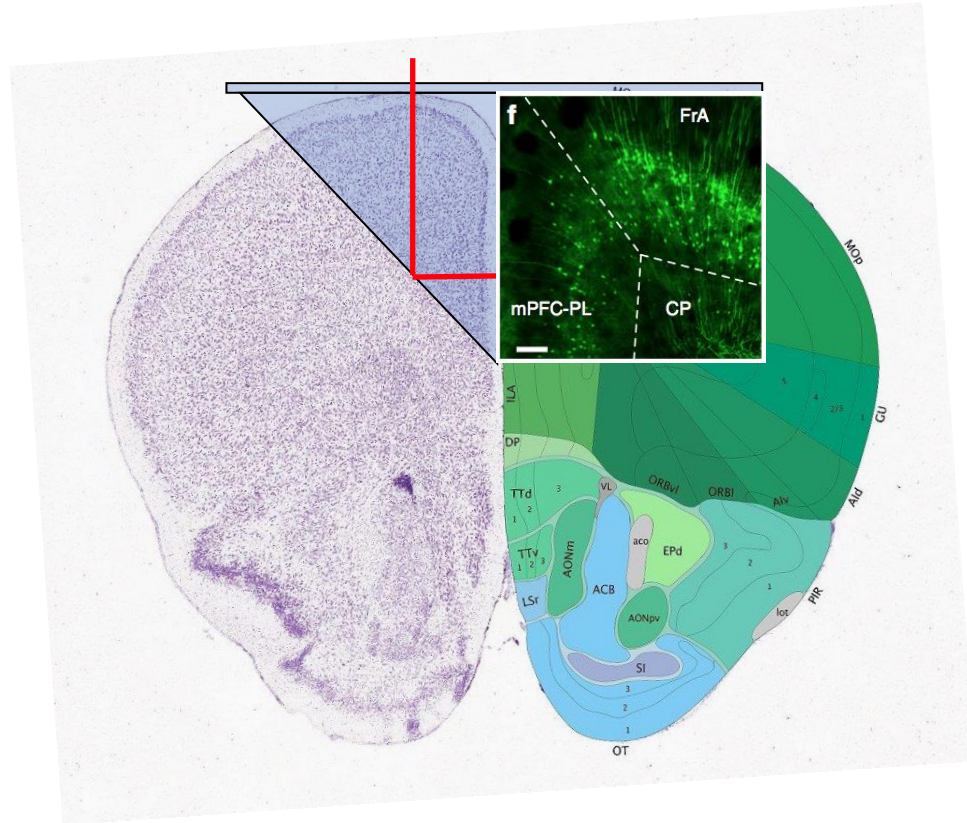
Authors

Plinio C. Casarotto, Mykhailo Girych, Senem M. Fred, ..., Mart Saarma, Iipo Vattulainen, Eero Castrén

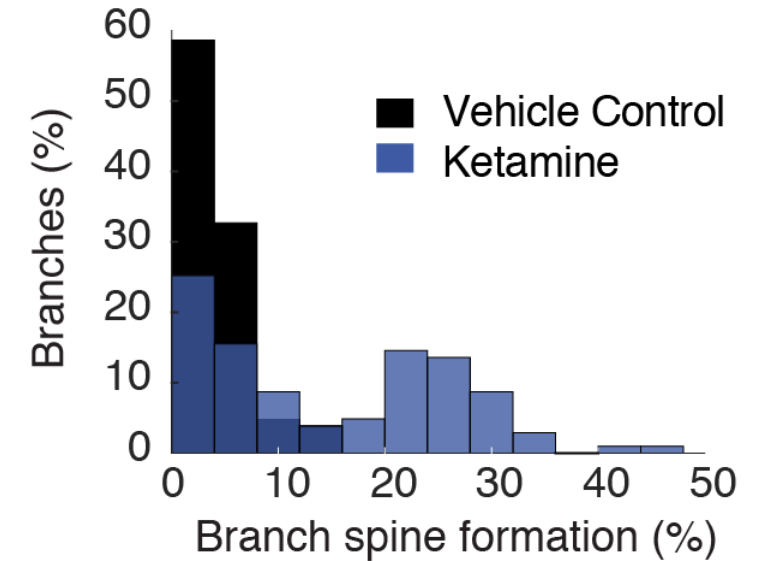
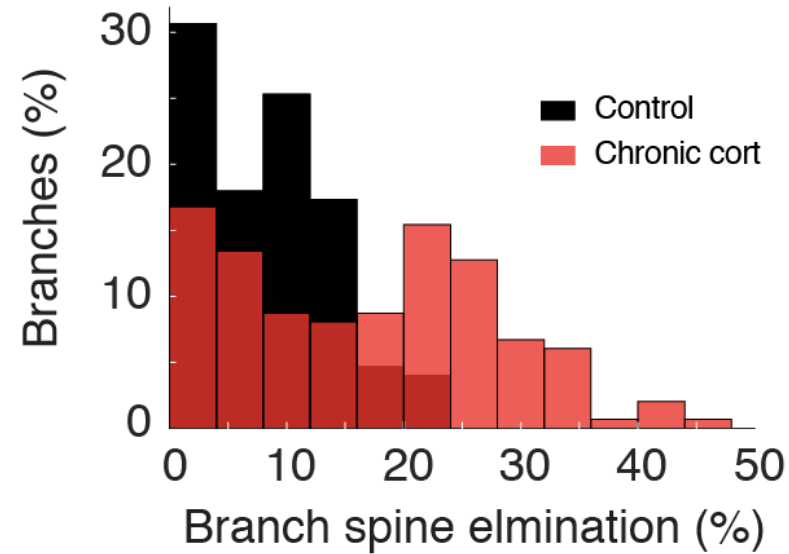
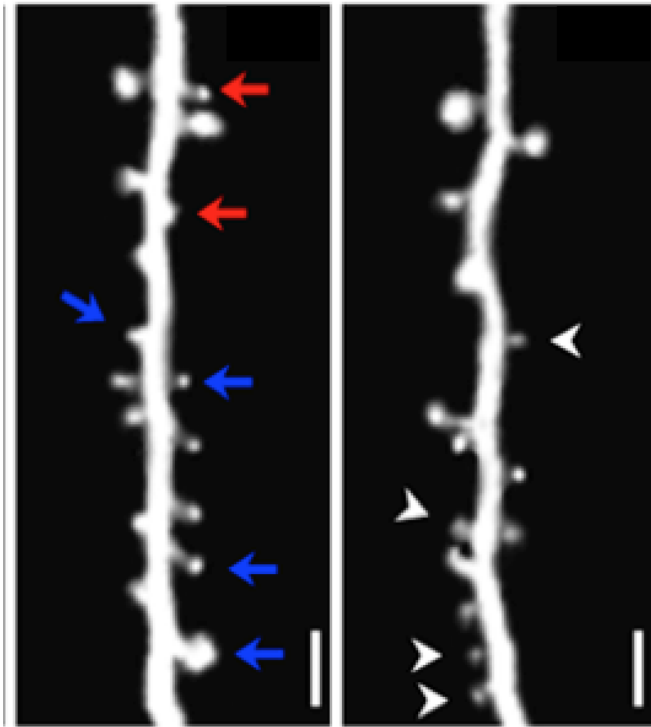
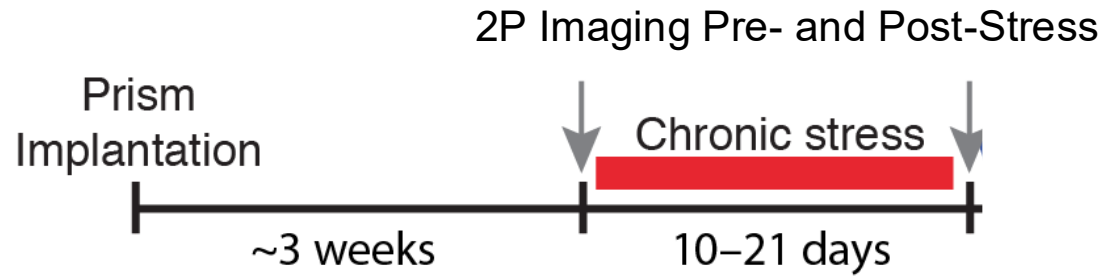
Cell

Li et al., Science 2010
Autry et al., Nature 2011
Zanos et al., Nature 2016
Casarotto et al., Cell, 2021

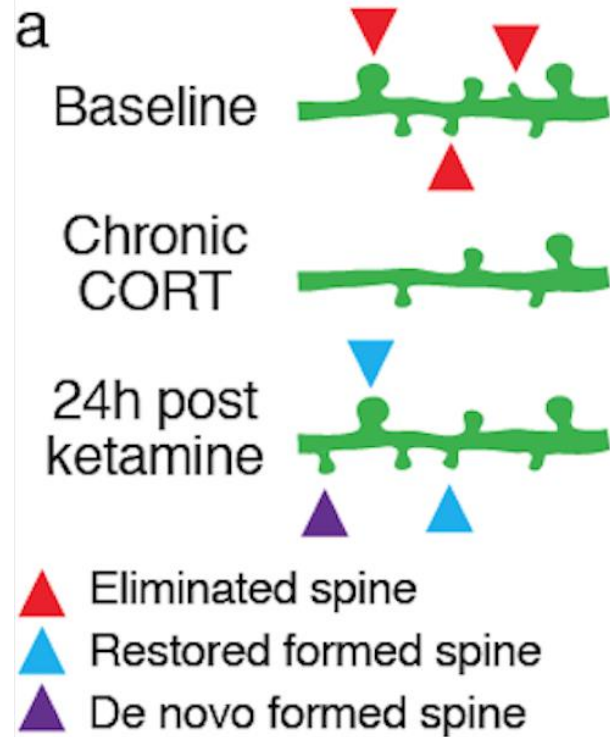
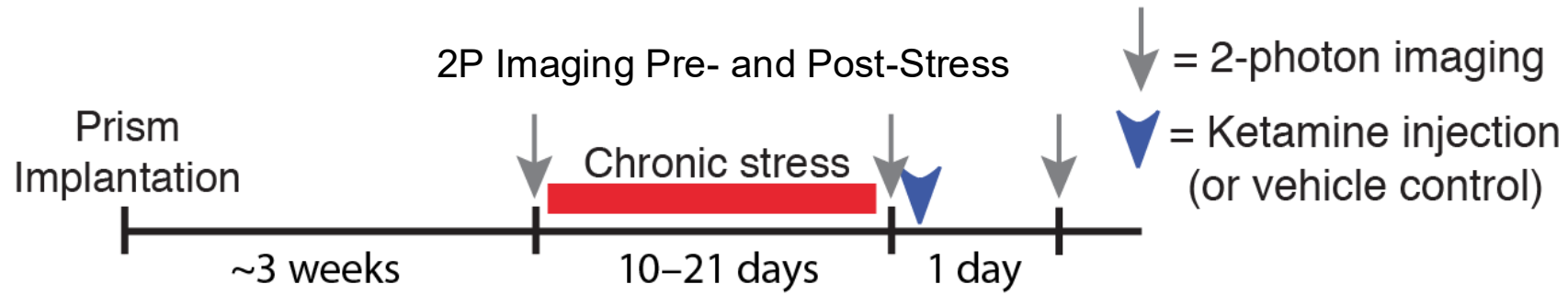
2-Photon Imaging of Prefrontal Cortical Microcircuits



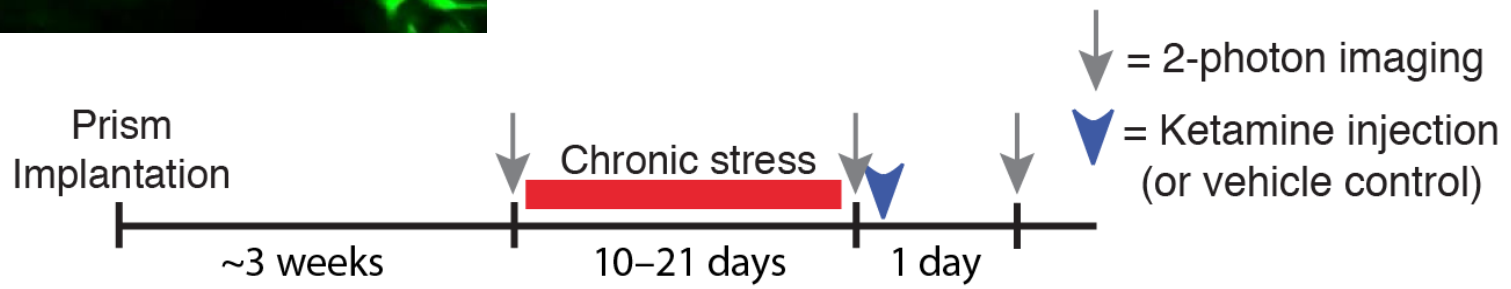
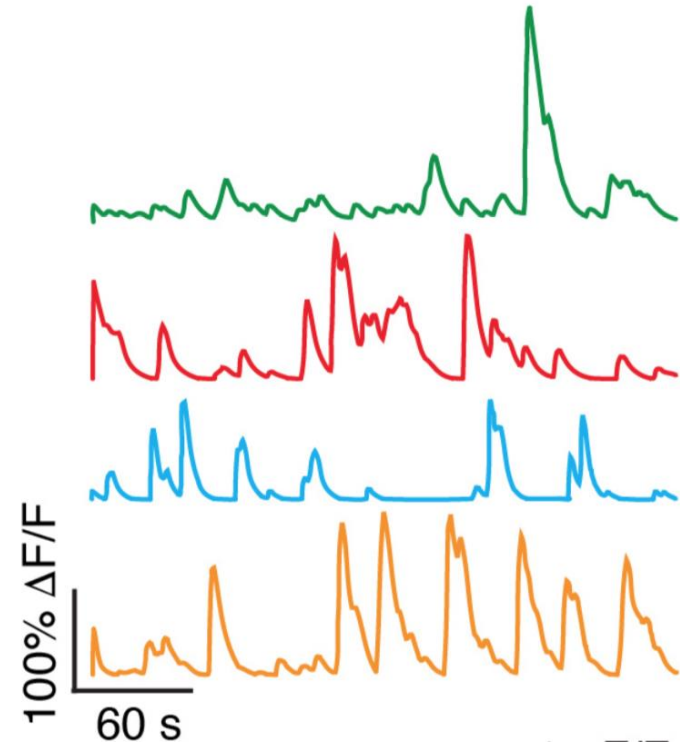
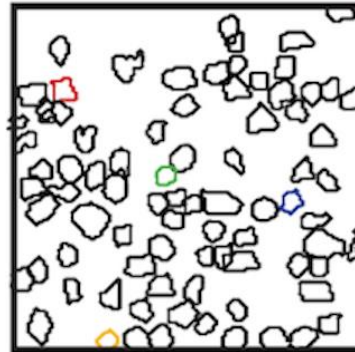
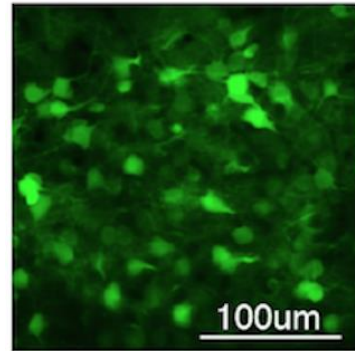
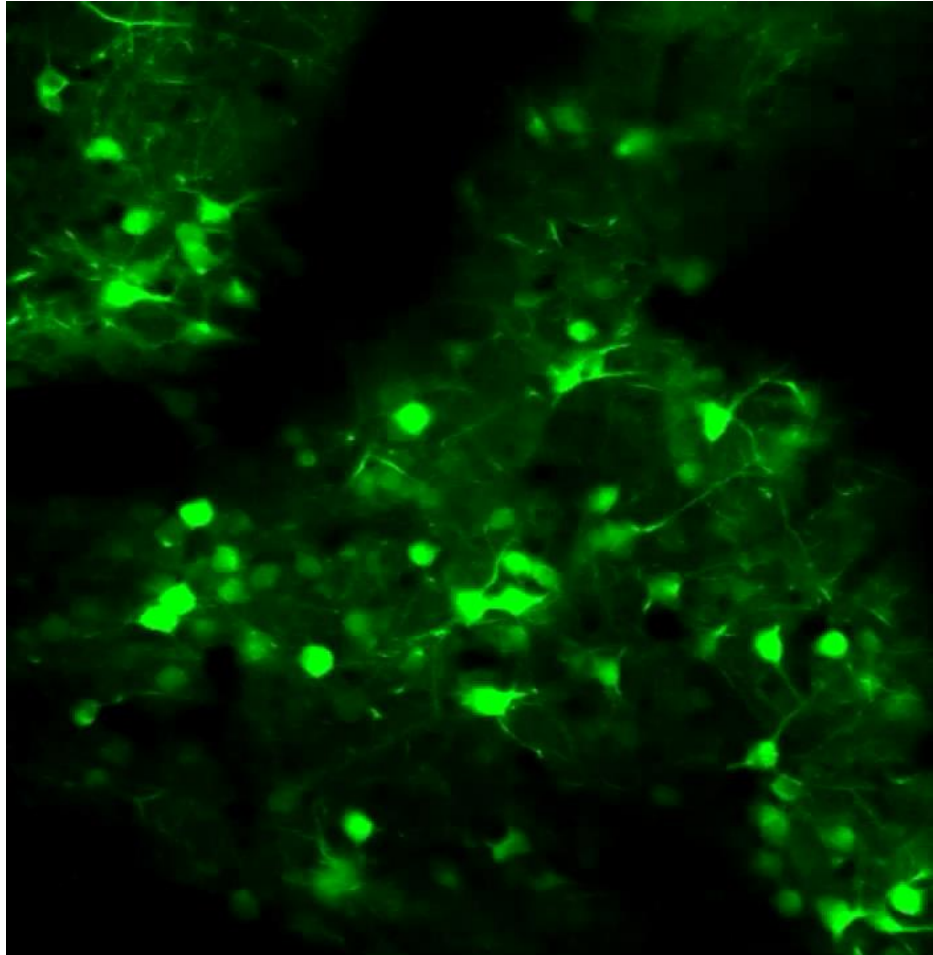
Chronic stress causes selective, branch-specific synapse loss



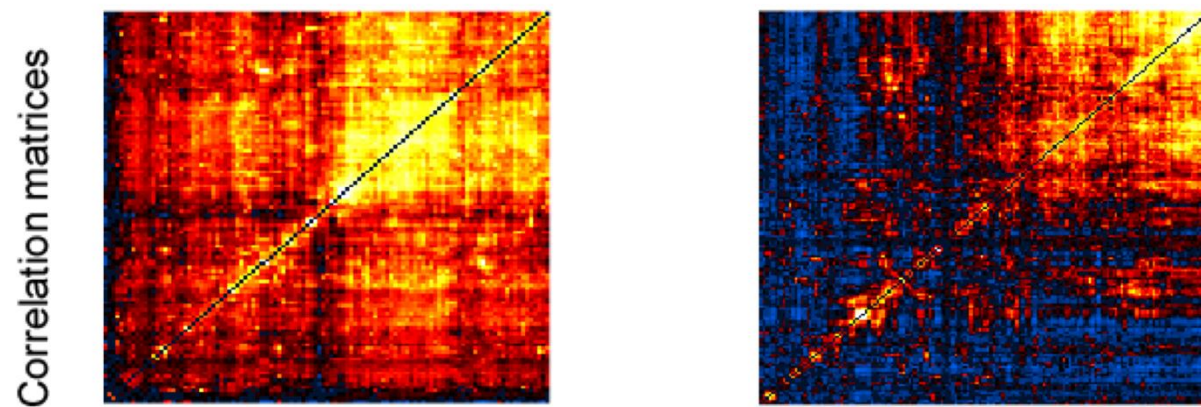
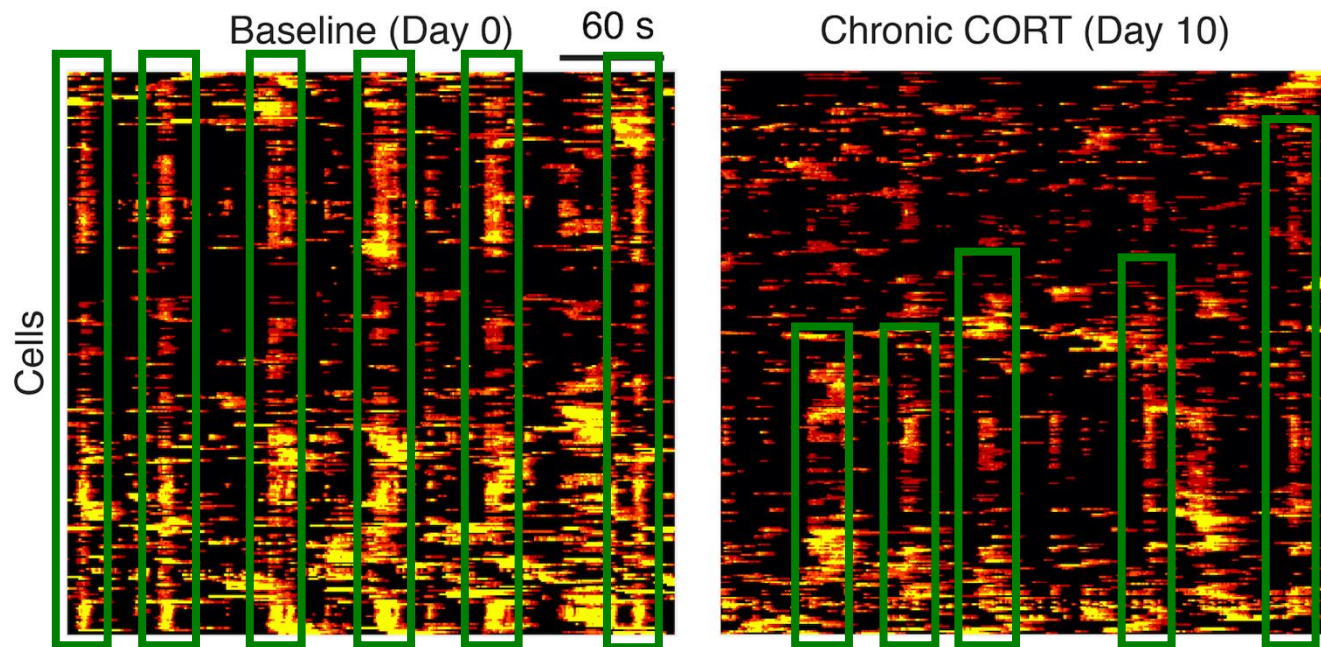
Rapid, targeted rescue of stress-related synapse pathology



Stress-related synapse loss disrupts PFC circuit function



Stress-related synapse loss disrupts PFC circuit function



Chronic Stress and Ketamine Effects on mPFC Circuit Function and Behavior

1. Motivated escape behavior and response to threats

- Moda-Sava et al., *Science*, 2019

2. Extinction of conditioned fear learning

- Chu et al., *Nature*, 2019

3. Cognitive flexibility and adaptive reward seeking

- Spellman et al., *Cell*, 2021

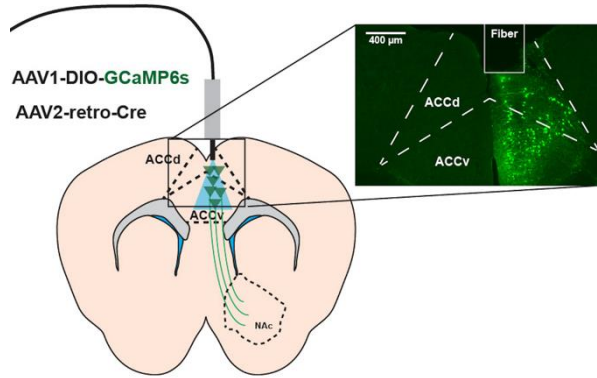
4. Social hierarchy perception and social interaction

- Fetcho, Hall, Estrin et al., *Nature Communications*, 2023

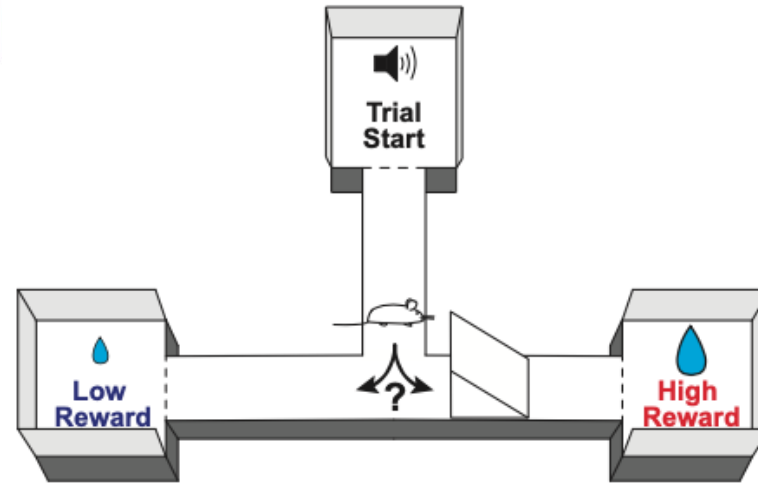
5. Motivated reward-seeking behavior and effort-based decision making

- Fetcho et al., *Neuron*, 2023

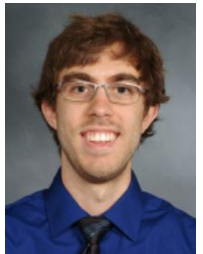
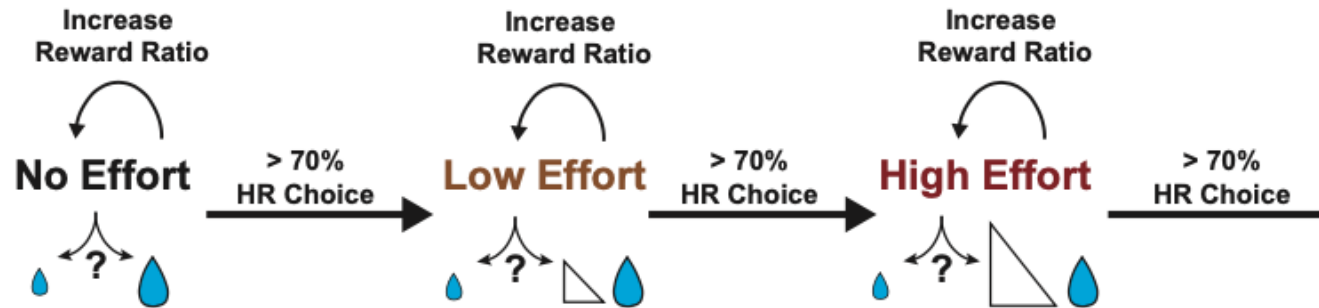
Automated High-Throughput Assessment of Effortful Reward-Seeking Behavior



Accumbens-Projecting
Anterior Cingulate Cells

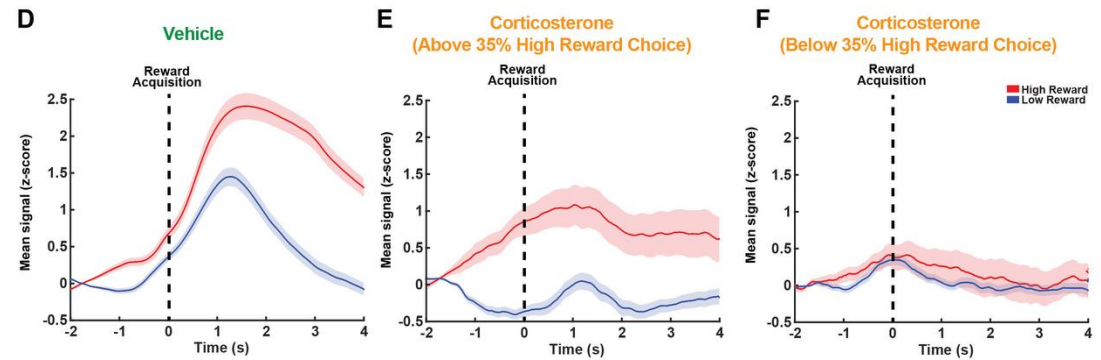
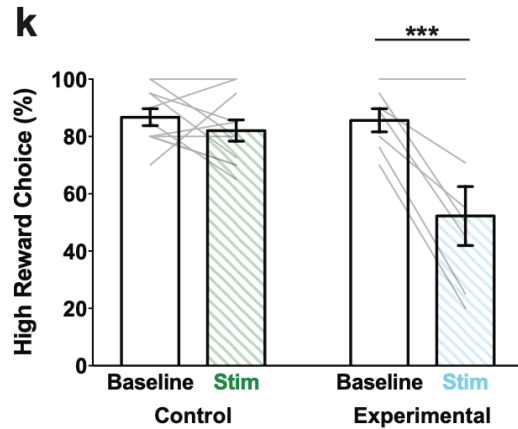
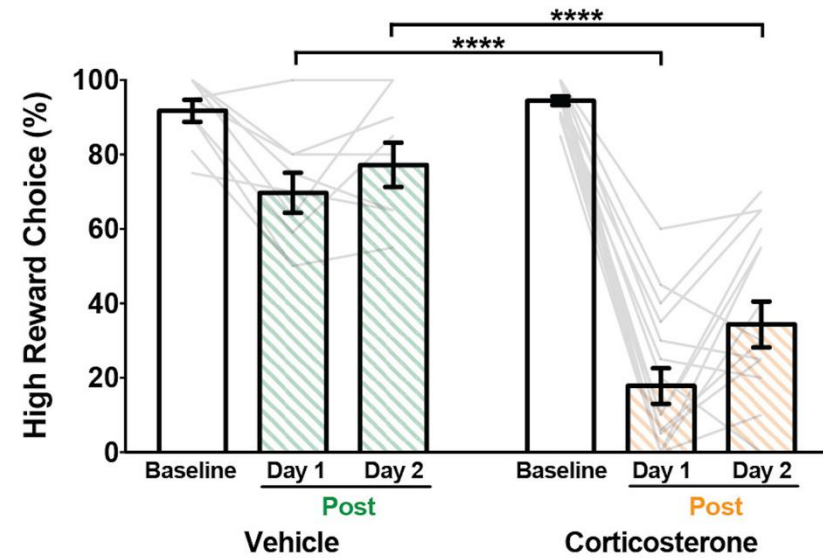
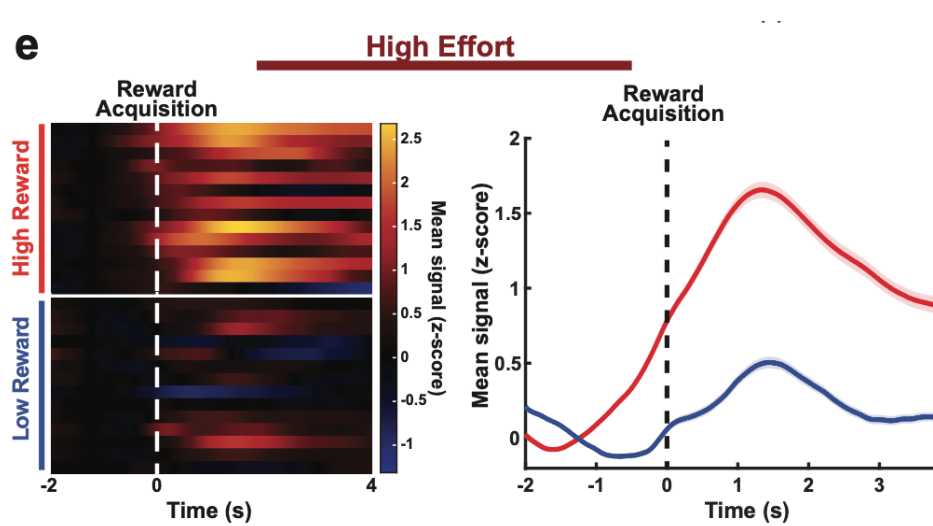


- Devinsky et al., 1995
- Jahanshahi & Frith, 1998
- Walton et al., 2003
- Kennerley et al., 2006
- Rudebeck et al., 2006
- Rushworth & Behrens et al., 2008
- Pizzagalli et al., 2001
- Zilverstand et al., 2018



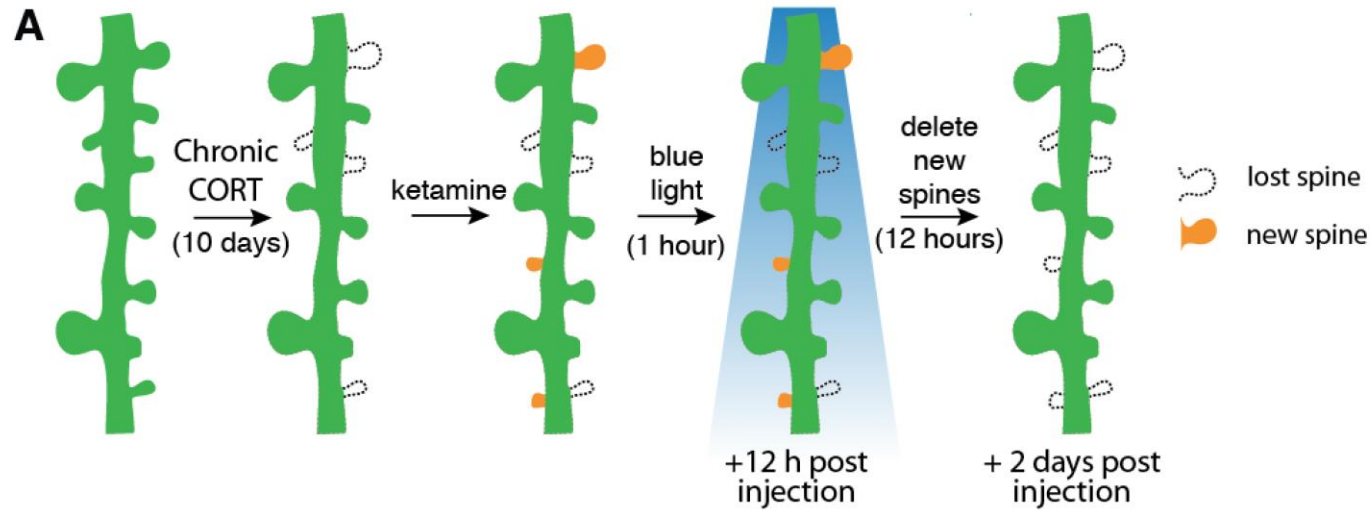
Rob Fetcho

Accumbens-Projecting PFC Cells Support Effortful Reward Seeking Behavior

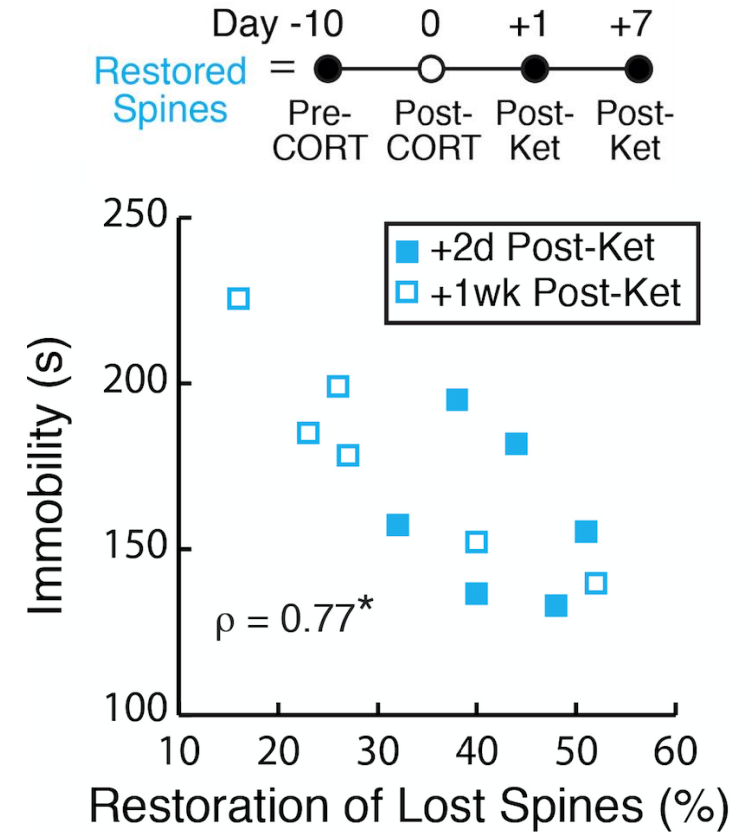
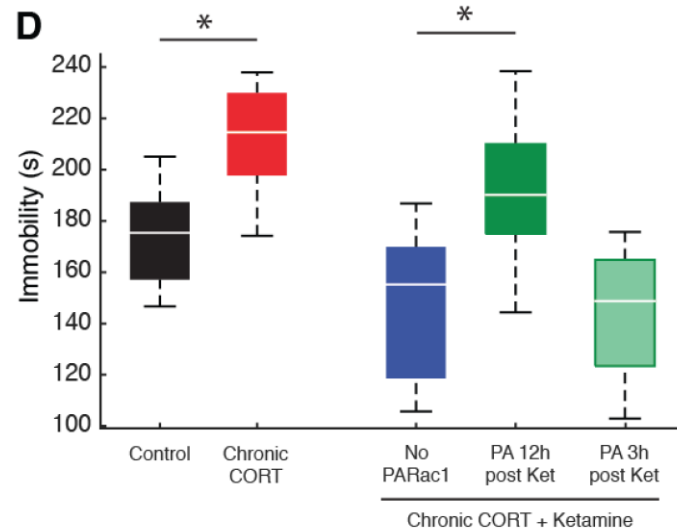


Chronic CORT disrupts effortful reward-seeking and suppresses ACC-NAc activity

Synaptogenesis is required for sustaining ketamine's antidepressant effects but not for initiating them



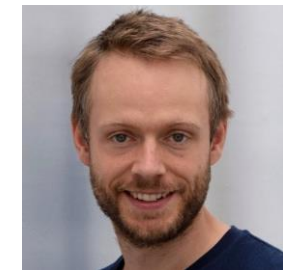
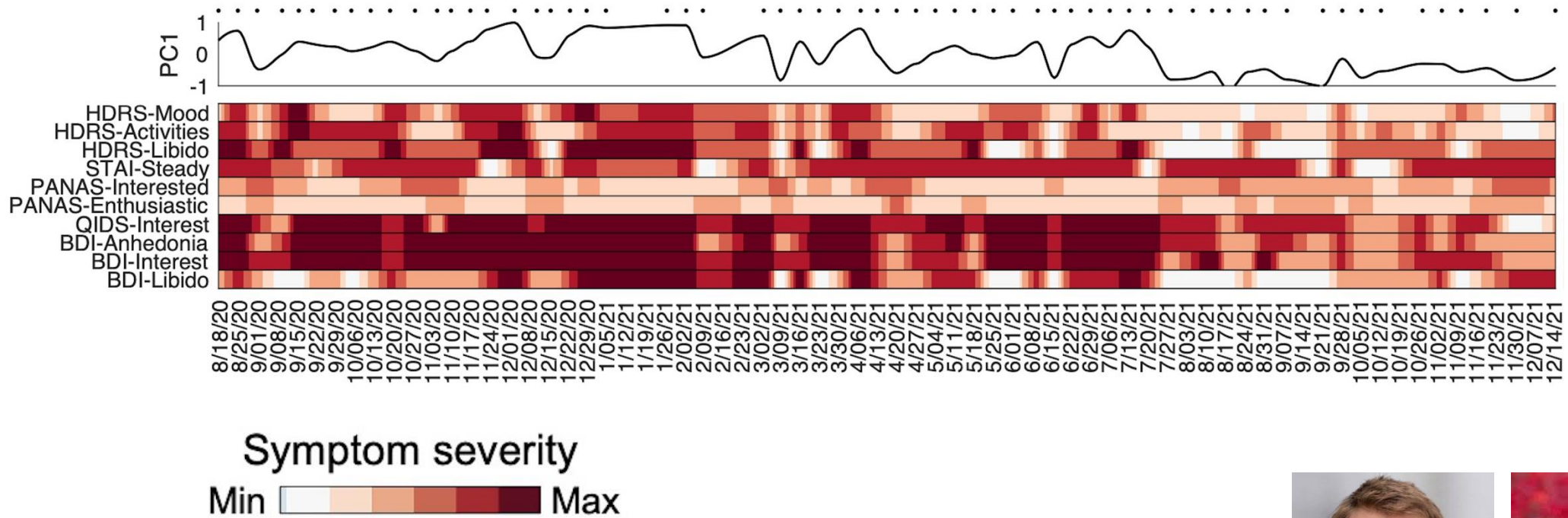
Deleting new synapses interferes with the maintenance of ketamine's antidepressant effects



Longitudinal studies of mood state transitions within individual, densely sampled patients

A

Long term (62 study visits over 1.5 years) assessment of anhedonia in MDD04

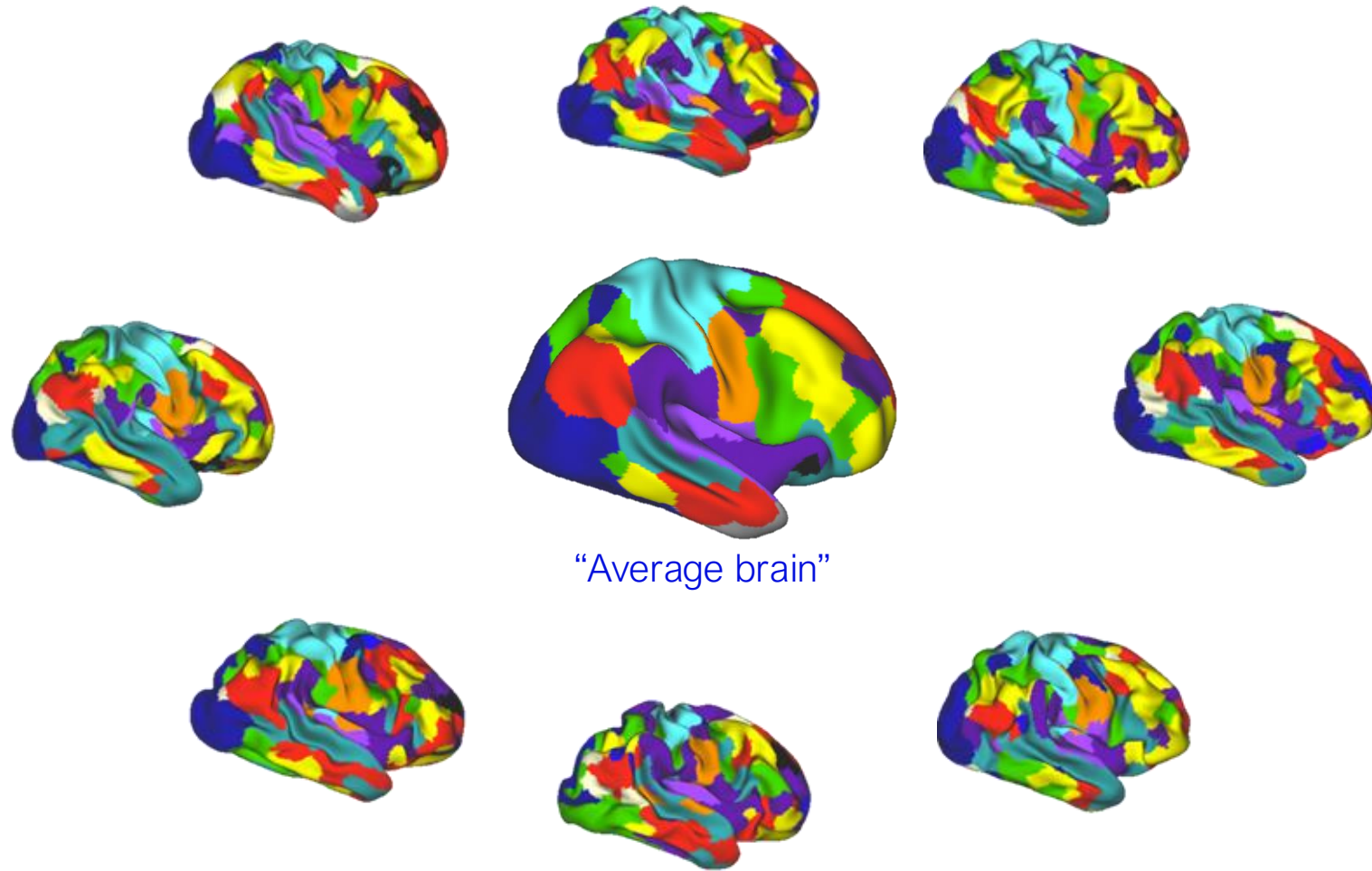


Immanuel
Elbau



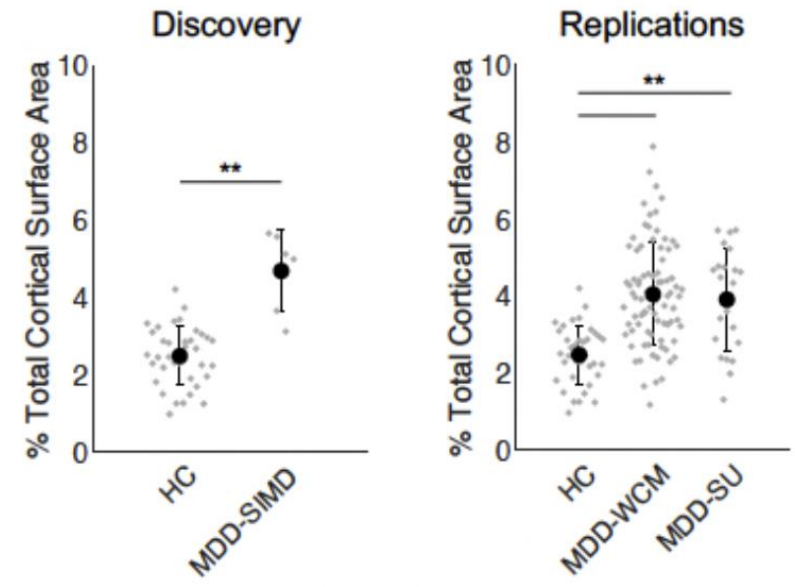
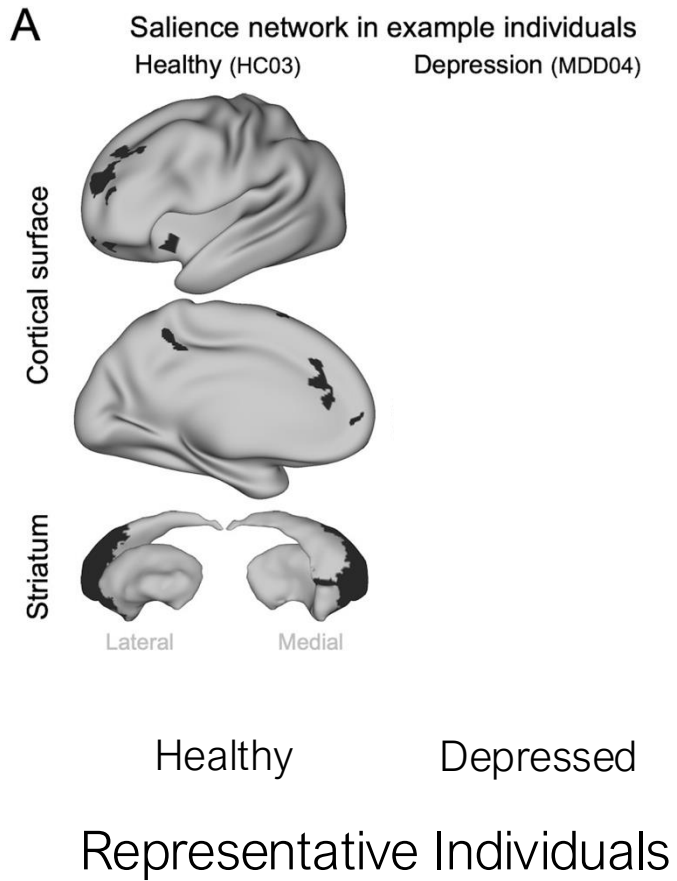
Chuck
Lynch

Individualized Network Mapping in Depression

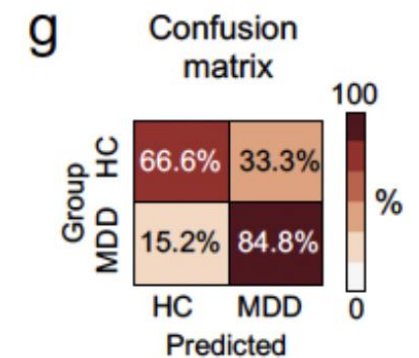
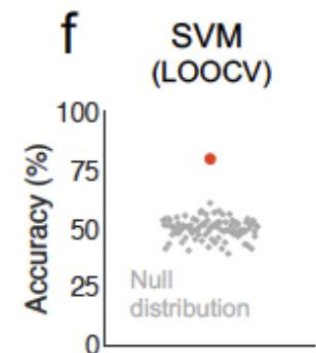


Braga & Buckner, *Neuron*, 2017
Gordon et al., *Neuron*, 2017
Gratton et al., *Neuron*, 2018

Abnormal salience network topology in highly recurrent depression

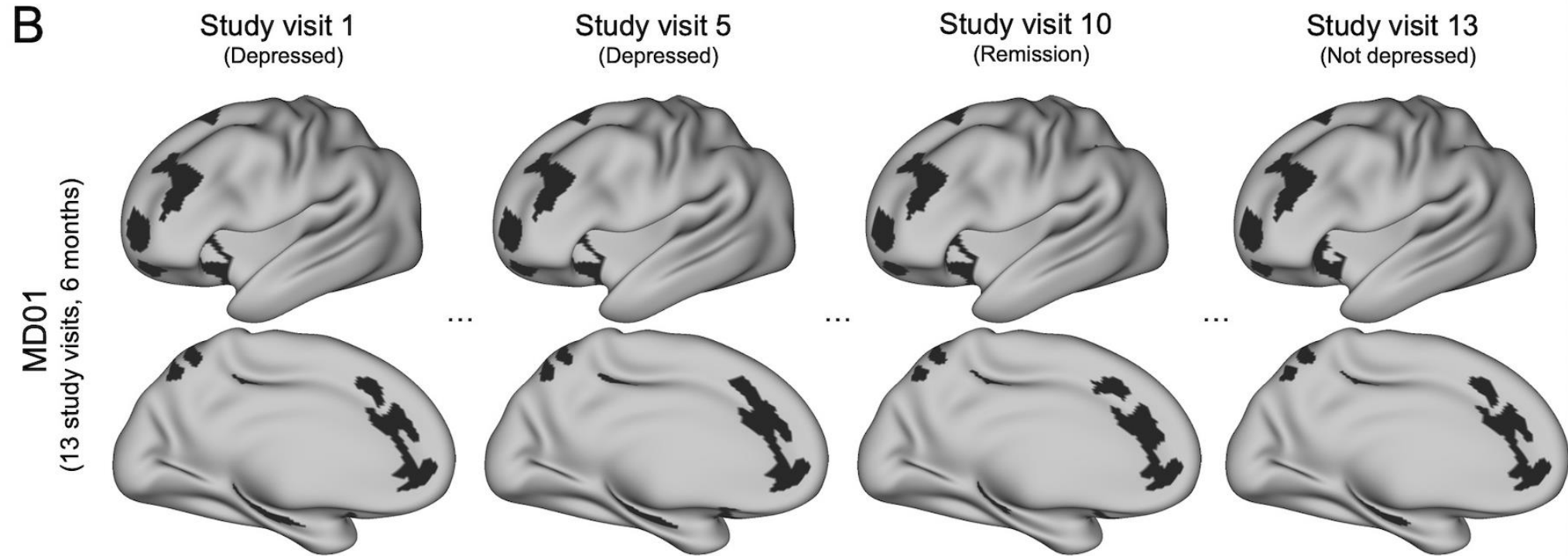


Effect Sizes: $d = 1.16 - 1.97$



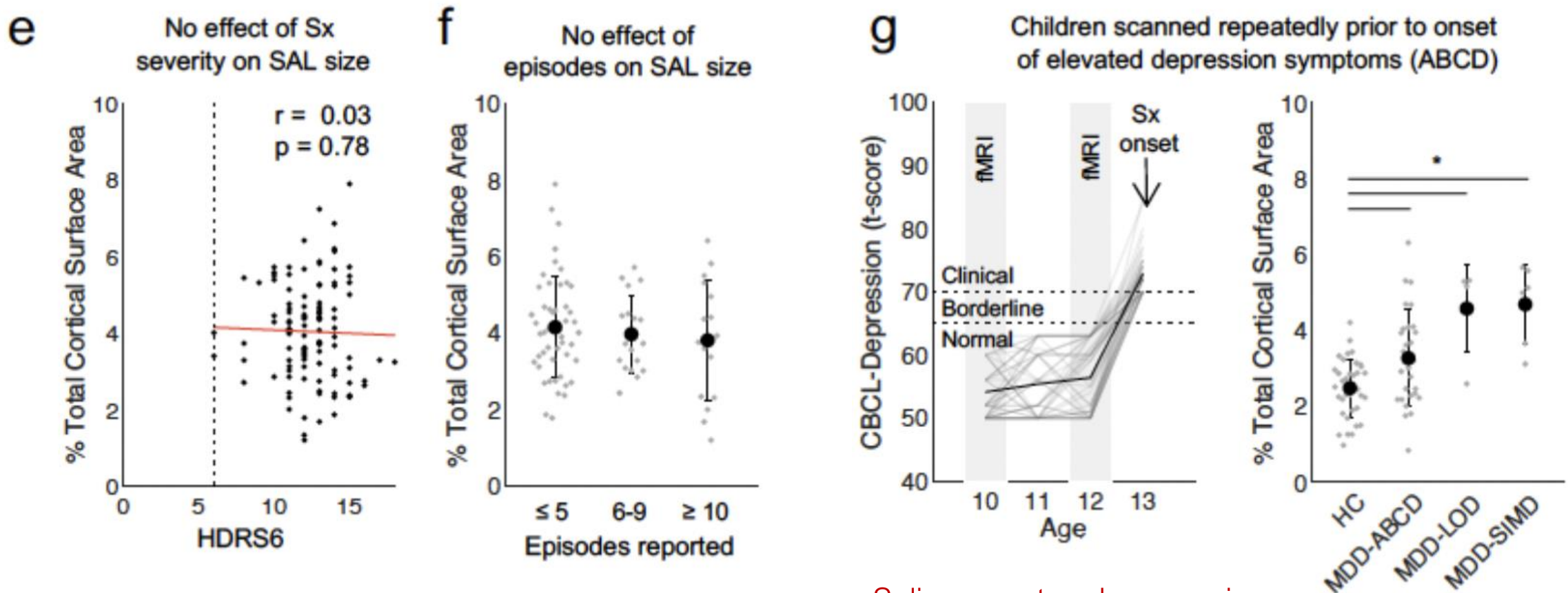
Already replicated in other labs:
Vaghi et al., *Biorxiv*, 2025
Nahas et al., *PsyArXiv*, 2025

Abnormal salience network topology is stable over time



- Salience network topological features are highly stable over time within individuals
- Unexpectedly, salience network does not vary with mood state

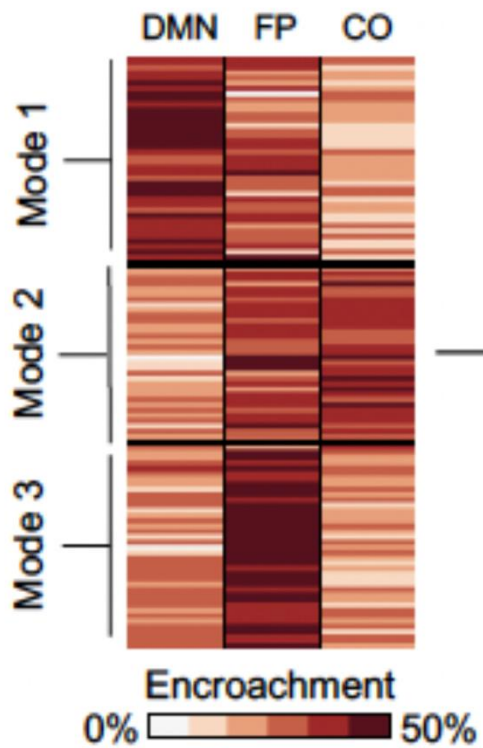
Saliience Network Expansion: A Stable Marker of Risk for Depression?



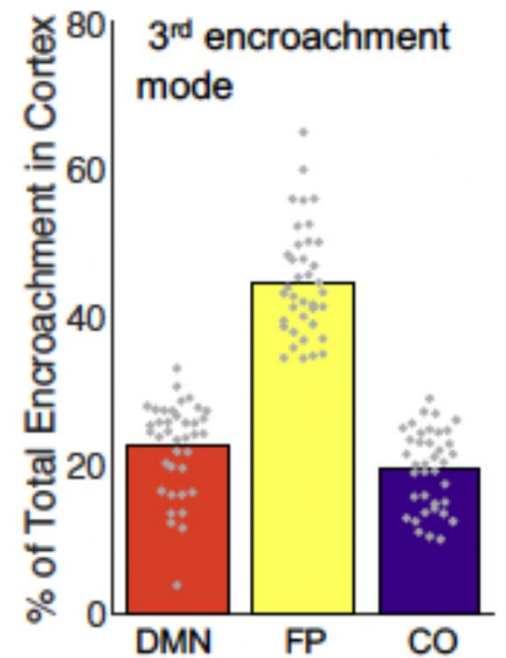
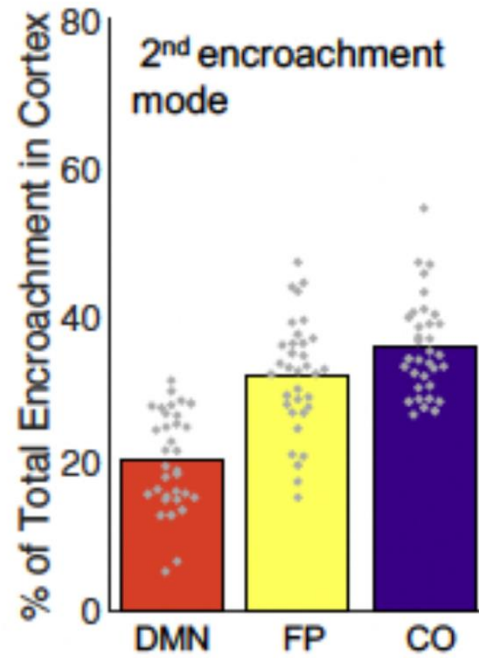
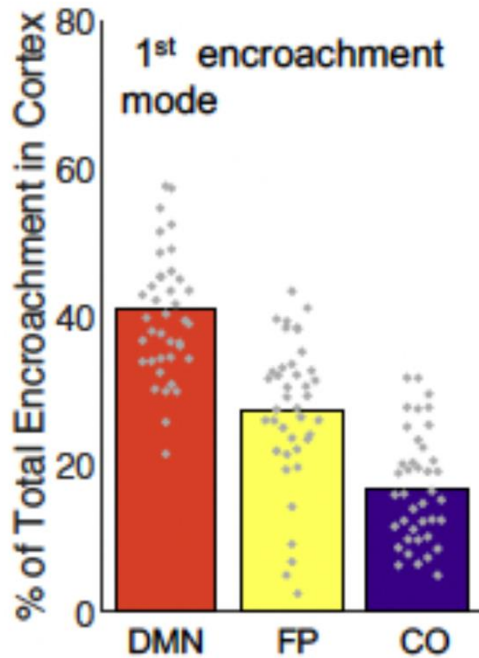
Saliience network expansion is
unrelated to current symptoms or
number of past episodes

Saliience network expansion
emerges early in life

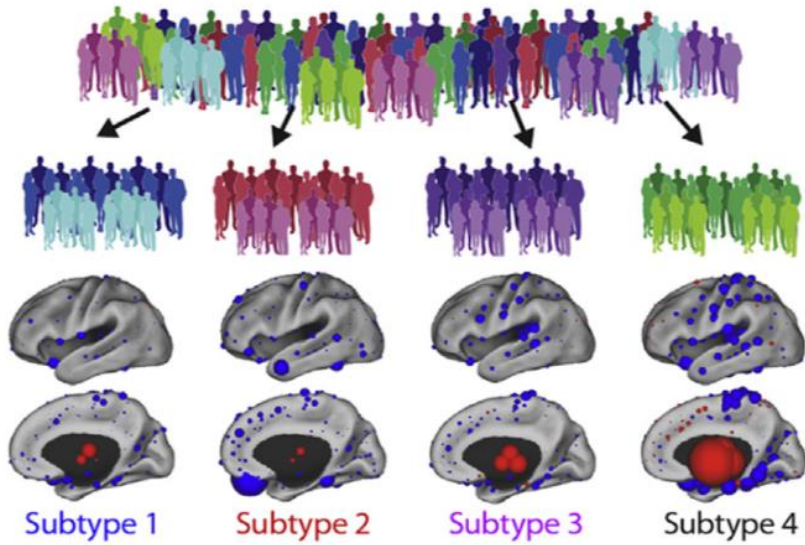
Three Subtypes of Network Expansion



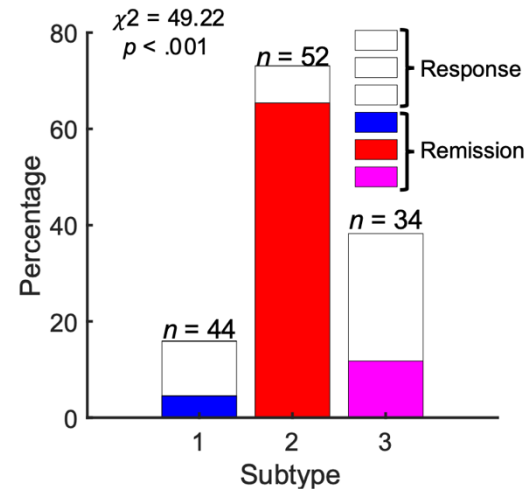
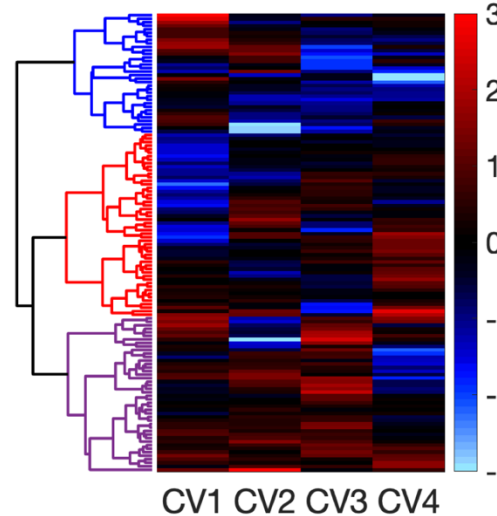
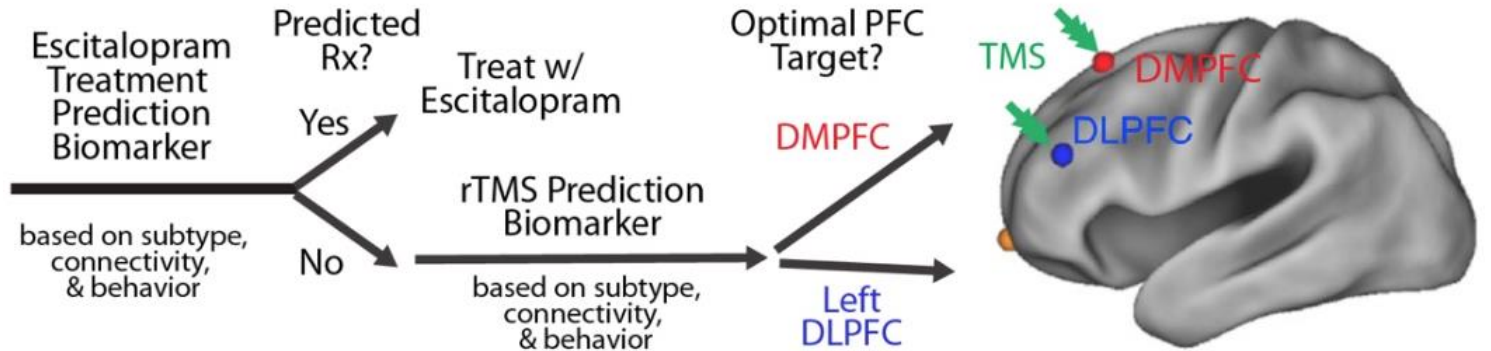
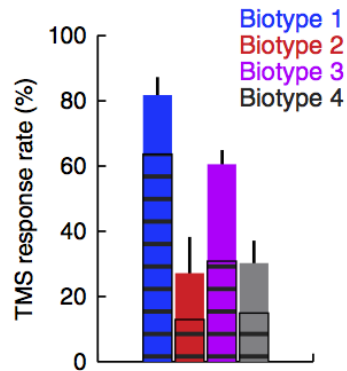
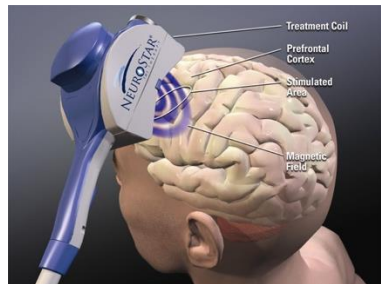
Saliency network expansion displaces different networks in different individuals



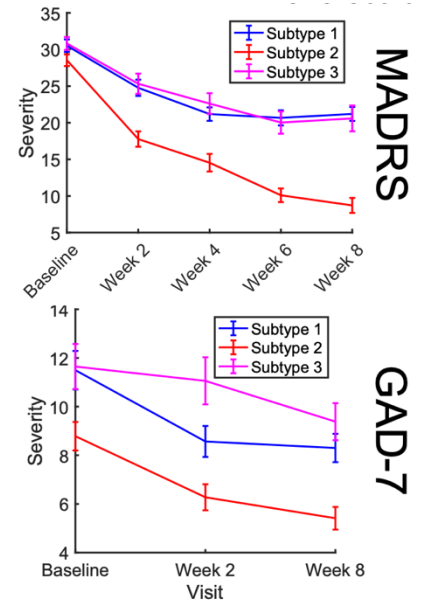
Leveraging Subtype Discovery to Enhance Treatment



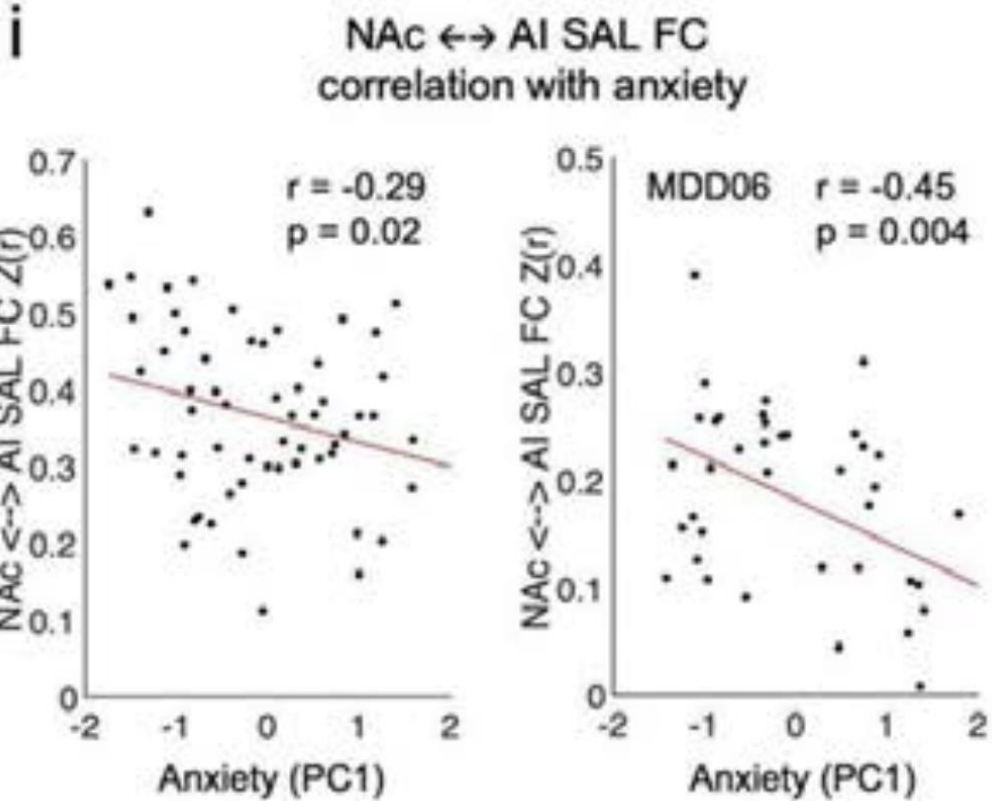
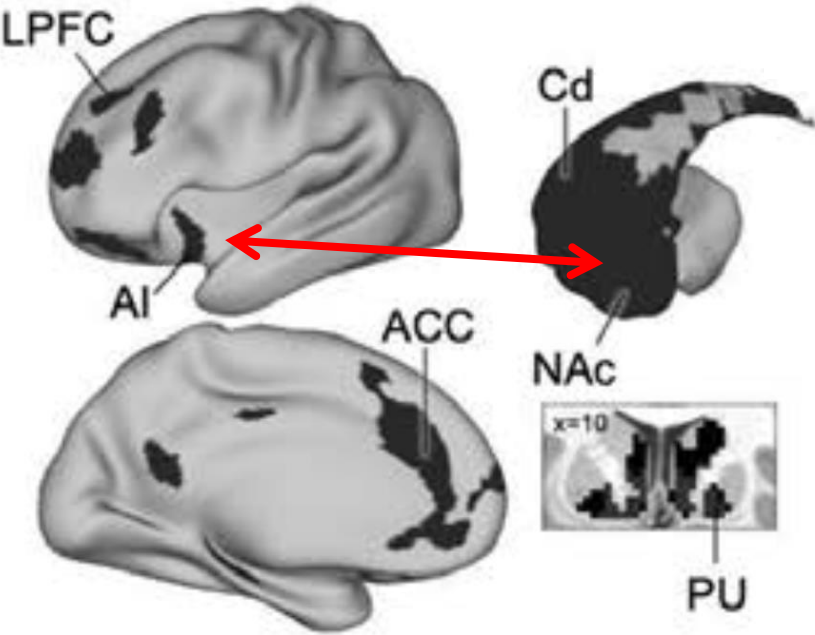
Subtypes of TMS Response
 Drysdale et al., *Nature Medicine*, 2017
 Dunlop et al., *Biol Psych*, 2014



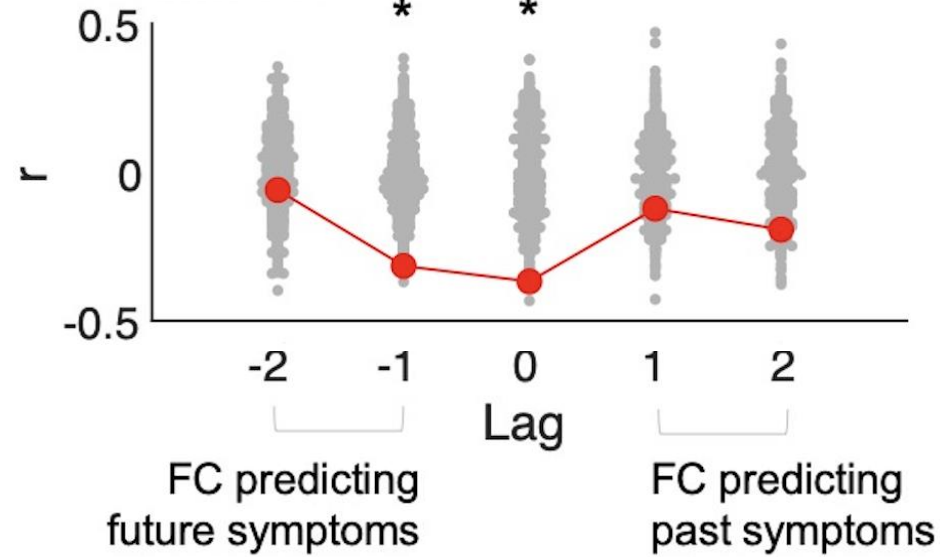
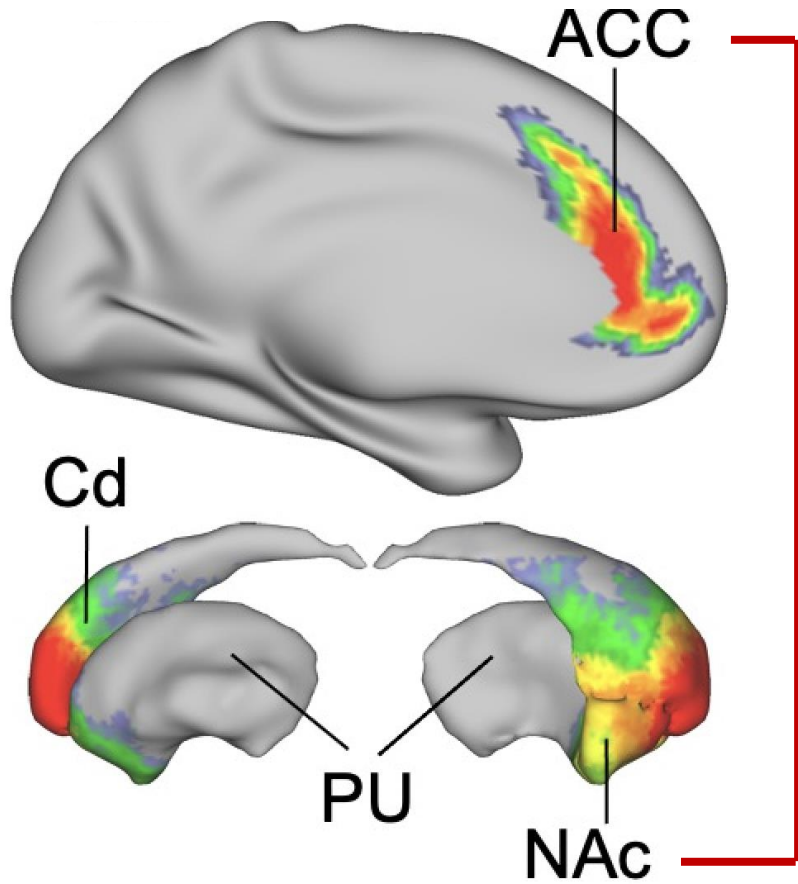
Subtypes of SSRI Response
 Dunlop et al., *Nature Medicine*, in revision



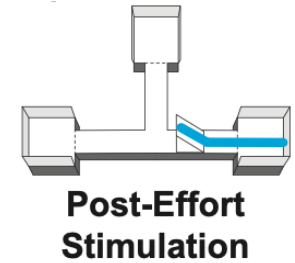
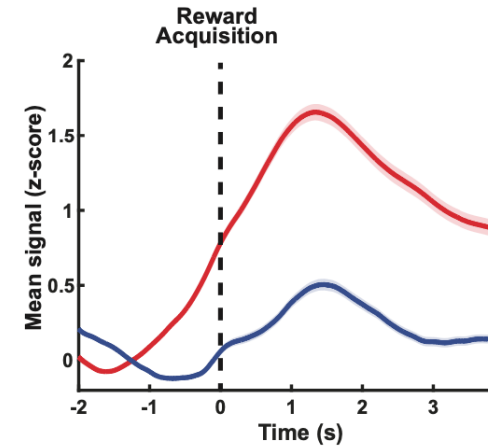
Fluctuations in Salience Network AIC-NAc Connectivity Predicts Anxiety within Individuals



Saliience Network ACC-NAc Connectivity Predicts Future Emergence of Anhedonia within Individuals



Fetcho et al, *Neuron*, 2023



Lynch et al, *Nature*, 2024

Thank you!

Cornell Lab Members:

Amanda Buch
Megan Chang
Revathy Chottekalapanda
Katharine Dunlop
Andrew Drysdale
Immanuel Elbau
David Estrin
Rob Fetcho
Baila Hall
Ryota Hasegawa
Claire Ho
Ben Huang
Shane Johnson
Megan Johnson
Yuki Kageyama
Jesse Kaminsky
Samuel Kohtala
Alexandra Lenz
Chuck Lynch
Rachel Moda-Sava
Gabriela Manzano-Nieves
Mitchell Murdock
Rachel Mikofsky
Hermany Munguba
Parsa Nilchian
Puja Parekh
Grace Paquelet
Julius Pape
Chris Parkhurst
Rachel Rahn
Devin Rocks
Justin Rossi
Ashna Singh
Indira Summerville
Joseph Stujenske
Tim Spellman
Alex Talishinsky
KT Tsang
Danielle Wolk
Nakul Yadav



Josh
Levitz

Rachel
Moda-Sava

Mitchell
Murdock

Puja
Parekh

Chuck
Lynch

Immanuel
Elbau

Hermany
Munguba

Shane
Johnson

Devin
Rocks

Laura
Chalencón

Collaborators:

Cornell:

George Alexopoulos
David Artis
Marc Dubin
Faith Gunning
Logan Grosenick
Josh Levitz
Francis Lee
Jonathan Power
Lindsay Victoria
Ben Zebley

Stanford:

Corey Keller
Brian Kobilka
Karl Deisseroth
Evan O'Brien
Alan Schatzberg
Nolan Williams

Tokyo:

Haruo Kasai
Haruhiko Bito

UCLA: Scott Wilke, Laura DeNardo

Iowa: Aaron Boes

MSSM: Helen Mayberg, James Murrough

Yale: B.J. Casey

RU: Priya Rajasethupathy

Harvard: Mike Fox, Alvaro Pasqual-Leone

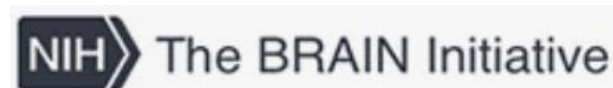
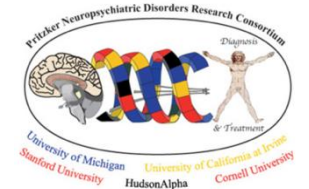
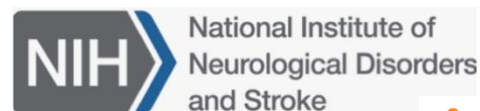
Toronto: Jonathan Downar

Duke: Kaf Dzirasa

UC Davis: David Olson

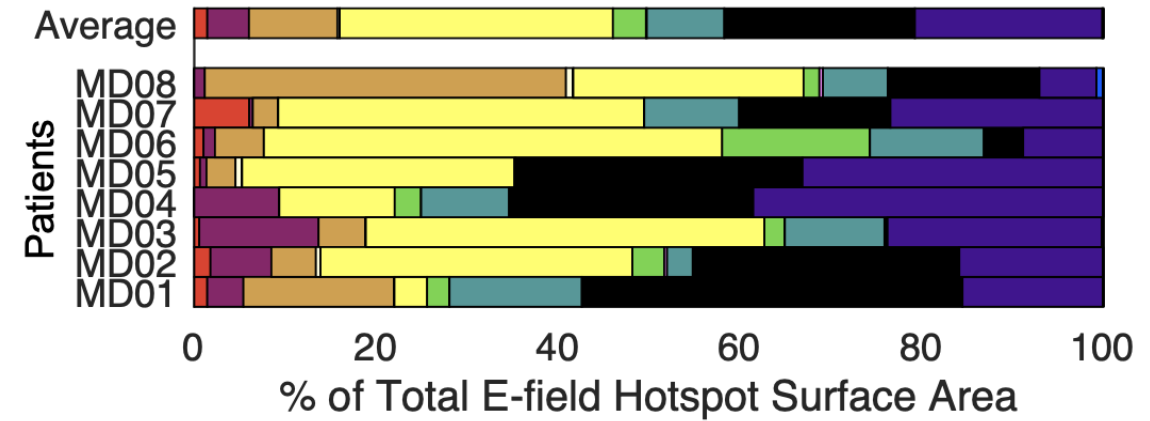
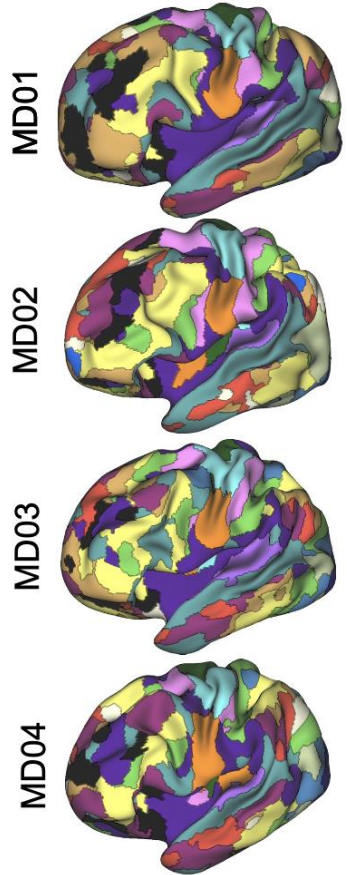
UCSD: Jeff Daskalakis

Grant Support:



New Technology for Engaging Salience Network Dysfunction

A Functional networks



Default-Parietal

Default-Anterolateral

Default-Dorsolateral

Default-Retrosplenial

Frontoparietal

Dorsal Attention

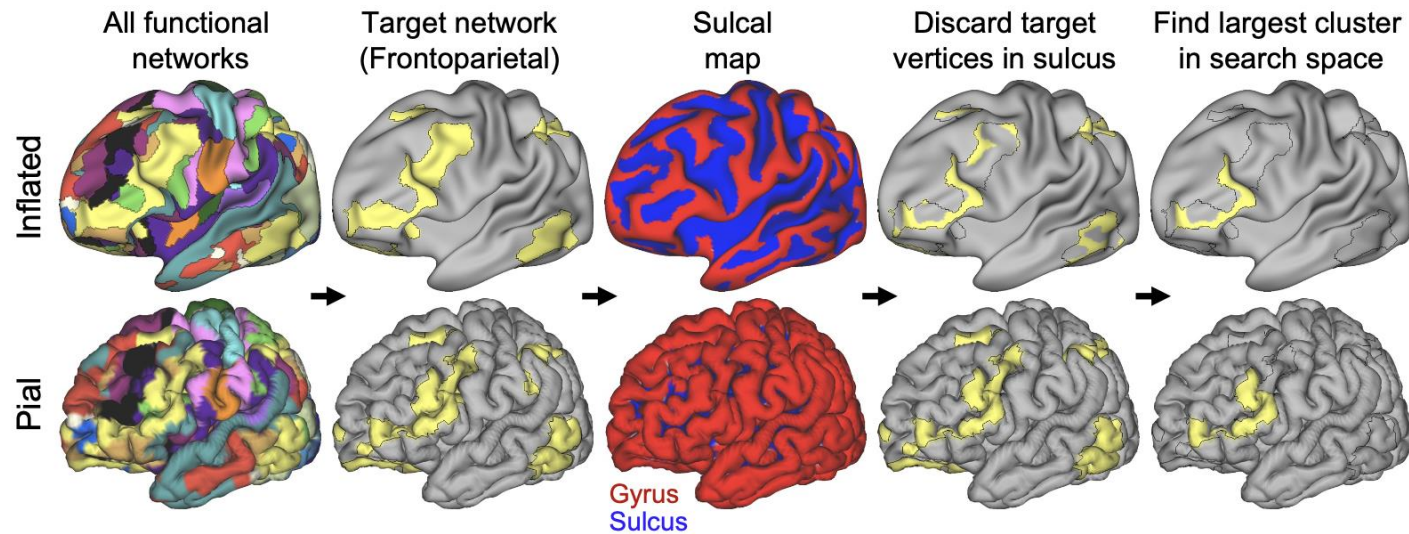
Language

Salience

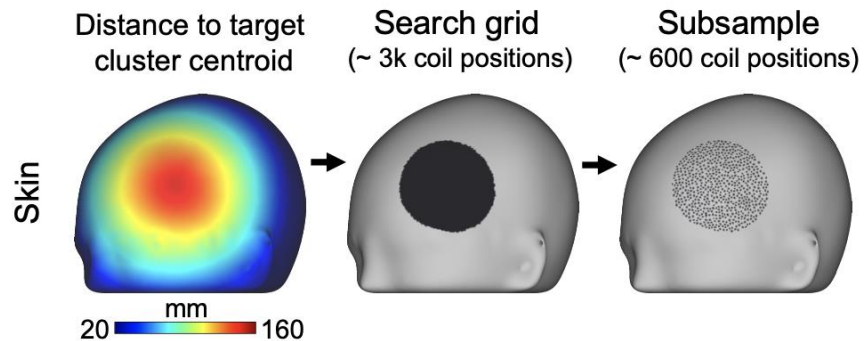
Cingulo-opercular

New Technology for Engaging Salience Network Dysfunction

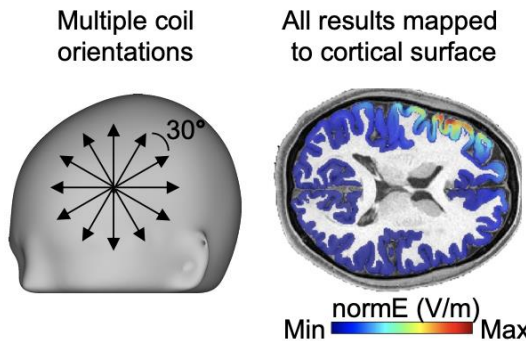
Step 1: Find largest target network cluster on gyral crown within search space



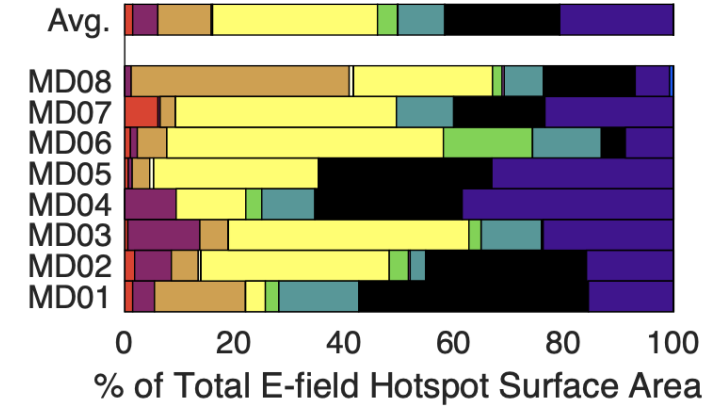
Step 2: Generate a search grid above the target cluster



Step 3: E-field modeling at each site



A Generic Coil Placement



C TANS Coil Placement

